


Name: Enrolment No:			
<p style="text-align: center;">UPES End Semester Examination, May 2025</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div> Course: Operating Systems Program: BCA_BSC All Program Course Code: CSEG 2060 Instructions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Attempt all the questions wisely. 2. All questions in section A, B and C are compulsory. 3. However, an internal choice to attempt any one question has given in question 9 of section B and question 11 of section C. </div> <div style="text-align: right;"> Semester: IV Time: 03 hrs. Max. Marks: 100 </div> </div>			
SECTION A (5Qx4M=20Marks)			
S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	Explain the difference between cooperating process and independent process. Also list how different inter process communication methods.	4	CO2
Q 2	Discuss file, file attributes and file system in OS.	4	CO4
Q 3	Enlighten the term internal and external fragmentation.	4	CO4
Q 4	Describe the resource allocation graph and its usage in OS.	4	CO3
Q 5	Discuss multithreading and its advantages over process.	4	CO1
SECTION B (4Qx10M= 40 Marks)			
Q 6	Discuss the conditions to be followed for achieving process synchronization. Also explain the critical term section.	10	CO2
Q 7	Explain the following concepts. A) Real-time operating system B) Embedded operating system.	10(5+5)	CO1
Q 8	Consider a system that has N process and 6 tape drivers. Each process requires 3 tape drivers to complete their execution. Then what is the maximum value of N which ensure deadlock free operation.	10	CO3
Q 9	Suppose a disk drive has 400 cylinders, numbered 0 to 399. The driver is currently serving a request at cylinder 143 and previous request was at cylinder 125. The queue of pending requests in FIFO order is: 86,147,312,91,177,48,309,222,175,130. Starting from the current head position what is the total distance in cylinders that the disk to satisfy all the pending request for each of the following disk scheduling algorithms? A] SSTFS B] SCAN	10(5+5)	CO4

	<div>OR</div> <div>Explain virtual memory and page fault with reference to memory management</div>	<div>OR</div> <div>10</div>																																																							
<div>SECTION-C</div> <div>(2Qx20M=40 Marks)</div>																																																									
Q 10	<div>Consider a paged memory system with 32-bit logical address, 64 MB physical address space and 4KB size page. Furthermore, each page table entry contains an additional 1 bit for valid/invalid bit and 1 bit for memory protection besides frame number. Then calculate the following.</div> <div>A) Bits in page offset</div> <div>B) Number of pages in process</div> <div>C) Bits for page number</div> <div>D) Number of frames in physical memory</div> <div>E) Bits for frame</div> <div>F) Page table size.</div> <div>Further explain why there is need of paging in memory management technique. Also explain how and which type of fragmentation occurs in paging.</div>	20	CO4																																																						
Q 11	<div>Consider the following system with 5 processes and 4 resources. A has a total of 3 instances, B has 14 instances, C has 12 instances and D has 12 instances. In the table given below, column entry from 2 to 5 denotes the current resource allocation to each process and the last four columns represent the maximum resource required by a process of each type to complete.</div> <table><tr><td></td><td>A</td><td>B</td><td>C</td><td>D</td><td>A</td><td>B</td><td>C</td><td>D</td></tr><tr><td>P0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>P1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>7</td><td>5</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>P2</td><td>1</td><td>3</td><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>5</td><td>6</td></tr><tr><td>P3</td><td>0</td><td>6</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>0</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>P4</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>4</td><td>0</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>6</td></tr></table> <div>Answer the following questions using banker’s algorithm:</div> <div>A) What are contents of remaining need matrix?</div> <div>B) Is the system in a safe state? If yes, provide the different safe sequence (at least 2) if more than one safe sequence is possible.</div> <div>C) If request for process p1 arrives for (0,4,2,0). Can the request be granted immediately?</div> <div>OR</div> <div>Explain the following concepts.</div> <div>A) Livelock</div> <div>B) Convoy Effect</div> <div>C) Race Condition</div> <div>D) Operating system functions</div>		A	B	C	D	A	B	C	D	P0	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	2	P1	1	0	0	0	1	7	5	0	P2	1	3	5	4	2	3	5	6	P3	0	6	3	2	0	6	5	2	P4	0	0	1	4	0	6	5	6	<div>20(10+5+5)</div> <div>OR</div> <div>20(5+5+5+5)</div>	CO1, CO2, CO3
	A	B	C	D	A	B	C	D																																																	
P0	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	2																																																	
P1	1	0	0	0	1	7	5	0																																																	
P2	1	3	5	4	2	3	5	6																																																	
P3	0	6	3	2	0	6	5	2																																																	
P4	0	0	1	4	0	6	5	6																																																	