


Name:			
Enrolment No:			
UPES End Semester Examination, May 2024			
Course: Condensed Matter Physics II Program: Int. BSc-MSc (Physics) Course Code: PHYS 3036		Semester: VI Time: 03 hours Max. Marks: 100	
Instructions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> All questions are compulsory (Q9 and Q11 have an internal choice). Scientific calculators can be used for calculations. 			
SECTION A (5Q x 4M = 20 Marks)			
S. No.		Marks	CO
Q1	What is Fermi liquid behavior? Give example.	4	CO1
Q2	Describe electron-phonon interaction by illustrating the emission and absorption of phonons.	4	CO1
Q3	What do you understand by molecular field theory in case of magnetism?	4	CO2
Q4	Illustrate Doniach phase diagram with schematics.	4	CO3
Q5	How will you differentiate between classical and quantum Hall effect?	4	CO5
SECTION B (4Qx10M= 40 Marks)			
Q6	What is occupation number? Explain benefit of occupation number representation over a Slater determinant? Write Slater determinant for a system of two particle systems.	10	CO1
Q7	What is field-induced metamagnetic transition? What is the origin on nuclear spins and discuss its contribution to the magnetization.	10	CO2

Q8	Elaborate integral quantum Hall effect with the help of a diagram. Make a comparison with the fractional Quantum Hall effect.	10	CO5
Q9	Elaborate crystal electric field splitting of free <i>d</i> -ions in octahedral and tetrahedral environments. OR Discuss magnetic susceptibility of a single crystal with the help of a diagram for antiferromagnetic materials. Why is the susceptibility along the easy axis different from that along the hard axis?	10 10	CO2
SECTION-C (2Qx20M=40 Marks)			
Q10	a) Describe the salient features of a topological insulator. b) Discuss Weyl semi-metal behavior on the basis of experimental observation.	10 10	CO4
Q11	a) What do you understand by a quantum phase transition? Discuss the scaling behavior near a quantum critical point. b) What is time reversal symmetry? How can it be applied to condensed matter physics? OR a) What do you understand by parity transformation in condensed matter physics? What are pseudo-vectors and pseudo-scalars? Give examples. b) Elaborate different aspects of heavy fermion and non-Fermi liquid systems.	10 10 10 10	CO3