

Name:
Enrolment No:



UPES

End Semester Examination, December 2023

Course: Statistical Modelling and Simulation

Program: M Tech HSE

Course Code: HSFS 7029

Semester: I

Time: 03 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: Attempt all the questions;

**SECTION A
(5Qx4M=20Marks)**

S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	Explain why the denominator (n-1) is used in the calculation of standard deviation for sample whereas simply n is used for population standard deviation?	4	CO1
Q 2	The following are the monthly evaporation data (Jan.-Dec.) at a Dam in a certain year in cm: 16.7, 14.3, 17.8, 25.0, 28.6, 21.4, 16.7, 16.7, 16.7, 21.4, 16.7, 16.7 Calculate the skewness for the data and interpret its physical significance.	4	CO1
Q 3	From a random sample of 36 New Delhi civil service personnel, the mean age and the sample standard deviation were found to be 40 years and 4.5 years respectively. Construct a 95 per cent confidence interval for the mean age of civil servants in New Delhi.	4	CO2
Q 4	Define the following terms: a) Homoscedasticity b) Multi-collinearity	4	CO3
Q 5	Differentiate between the following: a) Regression and correlation. b) Pearson's and Spearman's Coefficient of Correlation	4	CO3

**SECTION B
(4Qx10M= 40 Marks)**

Q 6	The table given below shows the data obtained during outbreak of																		
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th><i>Attacked</i></th> <th><i>Not attacked</i></th> <th><i>Total</i></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Vaccinated</td> <td>31</td> <td>469</td> <td>500</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Not vaccinated</td> <td>185</td> <td>1315</td> <td>1500</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>216</td> <td>1784</td> <td>2000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		<i>Attacked</i>	<i>Not attacked</i>	<i>Total</i>	Vaccinated	31	469	500	Not vaccinated	185	1315	1500	Total	216	1784	2000	10	CO2
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	Test the effectiveness of vaccination in preventing the attack from smallpox. Test your result																		

with the help of χ^2 at 5 per cent level of confidence.

OR

Q 6	Genetic theory states that children having one parent of blood type A and the other of blood type B will always be of one of three types, A, AB, B and that the proportion of three types will on an average be as 1:2:1. A report states that out of 300 children having one A parent and B parent, 30 per cent were found to be types A, 45 per cent per cent type AB and remainder type B. Test the hypothesis by χ^2 test.	10	CO2
Q 7	Write a python program to calculate for linear regression to predict y using x and validate the model. Assume any arbitrary data for the code.	10	CO1
Q 8	Demonstrate the applicability of two way ANOVA classification with the help of an example.	10	CO3
Q 9	What are the different methods of trend analysis? Explain the each in detail.	10	CO1

SECTION-C
(2Qx20M=40 Marks)

Q 10	<p>Following are the data of gauge and discharge collected at a particular section of the river by stream gauging operation. (a) Develop a gauge-discharge relationship for this stream at this section for use in estimating the discharge for a known gauge reading. What is the coefficient of correlation of the derived relationship? Use a value of a = 7.50 m for the gauge reading corresponding to zero discharge. (b) Estimate the discharge corresponding to a gauge reading of 10.5 m at this gauging section.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Gauge reading (m)</th> <th>Discharge (m³/s)</th> <th>Gauge reading (m)</th> <th>Discharge (m³/s)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>7.65</td><td>15</td><td>8.48</td><td>170</td></tr> <tr><td>7.70</td><td>30</td><td>8.98</td><td>400</td></tr> <tr><td>7.77</td><td>57</td><td>9.30</td><td>600</td></tr> <tr><td>7.80</td><td>39</td><td>9.50</td><td>800</td></tr> <tr><td>7.90</td><td>60</td><td>10.50</td><td>1500</td></tr> <tr><td>7.91</td><td>100</td><td>11.10</td><td>2000</td></tr> <tr><td>8.08</td><td>150</td><td>11.70</td><td>2400</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>The relationship between the discharge (Q) and gauge reading (G) is non-linear and given as:</p> $Q = C_r. (G - a)^b$ <p>a = constant which represents the gauge reading corresponding to zero discharge, C_r and b are rating curve constants.</p>	Gauge reading (m)	Discharge (m ³ /s)	Gauge reading (m)	Discharge (m ³ /s)	7.65	15	8.48	170	7.70	30	8.98	400	7.77	57	9.30	600	7.80	39	9.50	800	7.90	60	10.50	1500	7.91	100	11.10	2000	8.08	150	11.70	2400	20	CO4
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OR

Q 10	<p>a) A sample of 400 male students is found to have a mean height 67.47 inches. Can it be reasonably regarded as a sample from a large population with mean height 67.39 inches and standard deviation 1.30 inches? Test at 5% level of significance.</p> <p>b) Explain the properties of normal distribution</p>	15+5	CO4																																																				
Q 11	<p>For the data given below, plot the series and detrend the data using the interval of 3 months and 4 months using moving average method. Plot all the three series on a single plot and explain the inference of each plot.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="164 491 1349 1003"> <thead> <tr> <th>Month</th> <th>Passengers</th> <th>Month</th> <th>Passengers</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>Jan-49</td><td>112</td><td>Jan-50</td><td>115</td></tr> <tr><td>Feb-49</td><td>118</td><td>Feb-50</td><td>126</td></tr> <tr><td>Mar-49</td><td>132</td><td>Mar-50</td><td>141</td></tr> <tr><td>Apr-49</td><td>129</td><td>Apr-50</td><td>135</td></tr> <tr><td>May-49</td><td>121</td><td>May-50</td><td>125</td></tr> <tr><td>Jun-49</td><td>135</td><td>Jun-50</td><td>149</td></tr> <tr><td>Jul-49</td><td>148</td><td>Jul-50</td><td>170</td></tr> <tr><td>Aug-49</td><td>148</td><td>Aug-50</td><td>170</td></tr> <tr><td>Sep-49</td><td>136</td><td>Sep-50</td><td>158</td></tr> <tr><td>Oct-49</td><td>119</td><td>Oct-50</td><td>133</td></tr> <tr><td>Nov-49</td><td>104</td><td>Nov-50</td><td>114</td></tr> <tr><td>Dec-49</td><td>118</td><td>Dec-50</td><td>140</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Month	Passengers	Month	Passengers	Jan-49	112	Jan-50	115	Feb-49	118	Feb-50	126	Mar-49	132	Mar-50	141	Apr-49	129	Apr-50	135	May-49	121	May-50	125	Jun-49	135	Jun-50	149	Jul-49	148	Jul-50	170	Aug-49	148	Aug-50	170	Sep-49	136	Sep-50	158	Oct-49	119	Oct-50	133	Nov-49	104	Nov-50	114	Dec-49	118	Dec-50	140	20	CO4
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