Name:

Enrolment No:



UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

End Semester Examination, May 2022

Course: Artificial Intelligence Semester: VI

Program: B.Tech-CSE Spl. CCVT, OGI, IT INFRA, BAO, CSF, GG, IOTSC, DEVOPS, BIG DATA, BLOCKCHAIN

Time: 03 hrs.

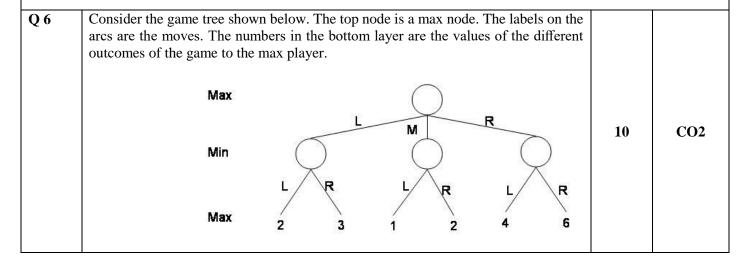
Course Code: CSEG3005 Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: Read all questions carefully. Q9 and Q11 has an internal choice.

SECTION A (5Qx4M=20Marks)

| S. No. | | Marks | со |
|--------|--|-------|-----|
| Q1 | Write brief note on any one AI programming language | 4 | CO1 |
| Q 2 | Compare any two knowledge representation schemes, bringing out advantages and limitations of each. | 4 | CO3 |
| Q 3 | Define (a) Symbolic Logic (b) Heuristics (c) Admissible Heuristics | 4 | CO3 |
| Q 4 | List the performance measures of search strategies | 4 | CO2 |
| Q 5 | Define Artificial Intelligence in terms of rational acting and rational thinking. | 4 | CO1 |

SECTION B (4Qx10M= 40 Marks)



| | Using alpha-beta pruning, consider the nodes from right to left, which nodes are cut off? Mention the nodes that are not examined. | | |
|-----|---|---------------|-----|
| Q 7 | a) Discuss different properties of Intelligent Agents. b) How to design an intelligent agent with its PAGE description for (i) Automated taxi driver (ii) Medical diagnosis system | 5+2.5 +2.5 | CO1 |
| Q 8 | a) Why Bayesian network is known as a probabilistic graphical model? b) Consider the following Bayesian network, where X = having the flu and Y = coughing: P(X)=0.1 (i) Write down the joint probability table specified by the Bayesian network. (ii) Determine the probabilities for the following Bayesian network. (iii) Which Bayesian network would you have specified using the rules learned in class? (iv) Are Y and X independent in the given Bayesian network? | 2+8 | CO4 |
| Q9 | Discuss that why hill climbing algorithm is known as greedy local search algorithm with its features and state space diagram? Also state the name of three regions in which hill-climbing algorithm cannot attain a global maximum or optimal solution with their solutions? OR a) What is a decision tree? Explain the working of ID3 algorithm in context of a classification problem. b) The following dataset given below will be used to learn a decision tree for predicting whether a mushroom is edible or not based on its shape, color and odor. (i) What is entropy H(Edible Order = 1 or Odor = 3)? (ii) Which attribute would the ID3 algorithm choose to use for the root of the tree (no pruning)? (iii) Draw the full decision tree that would be learned for this data (no pruning). | 4+6 | CO4 |

| | S | Shape | Color | Odor | Edible | l | | |
|------|---|----------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------|--------|-----|
| | <u> </u> | C | В | 1 | Yes | | | |
| | | D | В | 1 | Yes | | | |
| | | D | W | 1 | Yes | | | |
| | | D | W | 2 | Yes | | | |
| | | C D | B | 2 | Yes | | | |
| | | D | G | 2 | No No | | | |
| | | C | U | 2 | No | | | |
| | | C | В | 3 | No | | | |
| | | C | W | 3 | No | | | |
| | | D | W | 3 | No | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | ECTION 0M=40 | | | | |
| Q 10 | a) Given the following axiom Dogs likes bones | | | | | | | |
| | _ | | v like | | | | | |
| | Dogs eat everything they like Pasta is a dog Prove that Pasta eats bones. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | (i) Convert to clause | • | | | 14 4 | | | |
| | (ii) Do resolution by | у гејита | ıπon. Di | raw reso | uuuon tre | e. | 5+10+5 | CO3 |
| | b) "As per the law, it is a crime for an American to sell weapons to hostile nations | | | | | | | |
| | Country A, an enemy of | | | | _ | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | sold to it by Robert, who is an American citizen." Prove that "Robert is criminal" using Backward chaining approach. | | | | | | | |
| | 1 Tove that Robert is citi | | using D | acien ai a | Chamin | у ирргоист. | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Q 11 | An organic juice company rec | quires 1 | 2000, 2 | 0000 and | d 15000 b | arrels of orange, apple | | |
| | and guava fruit juices, respec | ctively. | Juicer P | lant 'A' | produces | 100, 300, 200 barrels | | |
| | per day of orange, apple an | nd guav | a juice | respecti | vely, whe | ereas Juicer Plant 'B' | | |
| | produces 200, 400 and 100 | | | | | | | |
| | respectively. If, Juicer Plant | | | | | | | |
| | 300 per day to operate, how | | | _ | - | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | satisfying the requirements. Formulate and solve the optimization problem, as LPI | | | | | | | |
| | OR Explain the following uninformed search strategies with examples. (a) Breadth First Search. | | | | | | 20 | CO3 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | (b) Uniform Cost Search | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Depth First Search | | | | | | | |
| | (d) Depth Limited Search | | | | | | | |
| | (2) Depth Emilieu Scarch | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | | | | | | | |