


Name:	
Enrolment No:	

**UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY
STUDIES**

Online End Semester Examination, May 2021

Course: International Criminal Law

Program: B.A LL.B (Hons.) (CL)

Course Code: CLCL4003

Semester: VIII

Time 03 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

SECTION A

- 1. Each Question will carry 5 Marks**
- 2. Instruction: Complete the statement / Select the correct answer(s)**

S. No.	Question	CO
Q 1	According to Manusmriti what types of weapons should not be used during a fight with his foes?	CO 1
Q2	Write a short note on Hague and Geneva convention.	CO 1
Q3	Elaborate the meaning of International Criminal Law.	CO 1
Q4	Analyze the concept of Individual Criminal Responsibility under ICL.	CO 1
Q5	Discuss sources of International Criminal Law.	CO 1
Q6	Write a note on Genocide.	CO 1

Section B

- 1. Each question will carry 10 marks**
- 2. Instruction: Write short / brief notes**

Q7	Elucidate the Principle of Proportionality with reference to armed conflicts. OR Critically analyze the prohibited methods of warfare.	CO 2
Q8	Differentiate between Crimes against humanity and Genocide, with the help of examples of decided cases under ICL.	CO 2

Q9	<p>Critically analyse the judgement delivered by ICTR in <i>Akayesu case</i>.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Critically analyze the definition of war crimes under ICL.</p>	CO 2
Q10	<p>"A" served as head of Tuba, a city where there was conflict between dutus and dudis. dutus were want to eliminate the dudis community. Later thousands of dudis were systematically raped, tortured and murdered. Rape were committed to destroy their identity. A was responsible for maintain law and order in Tuba and also he is the one who should protect people of his country.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What all offences have been committed by dutus community? 2. Whether A can be held guilty of any offence, if yes, then what all are the offences he has committed? 3. What do you mean by commission of offence in systematic way? Differentiate between systematic way of commission of crimes and crime commit with a specific intent. <p>OR</p> <p>“Terrorism, the systematic use of violence to create a general climate of fear in a population and thereby to bring about a particular political objective.” Discuss the essentials of terrorism in the light of above statement.</p>	CO 2
Q11	<p>Whether victim has individual right of representation before ICC, if yes, What are all the rights given to him and how he can he apply for representation?</p>	CO 4
<p>Section C</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Each question will carry 20 marks. Attempt only one question. 2. Instruction: Write short / brief notes 		
Q12	<p>A camp guard,in presence of his superior officer, forced two brothers to commit fellatio on each other in full view of other detainees, and placed a burning fuse around their genitals. He also placed a burning fuse around the genitals of another male detainee and forced him to run between rows of prisoners. The camp commander and superior officers, were also held guilty of these and other crimes committed by their subordinates.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What crime has been comitted by guard? 2. What crimes have been committed by commander and superior officers? 3. Whether ICC rightly held the camp commander and superior officers, guilty? 4. Whether crimes committed, if any by them, can be qualified as grave breaches and violations of the laws and customs of war. <p>Justify your answer with law and case laws.</p>	CO 3