Name: **UPES Enrolment No:** UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES End Semester Examination, May, 2019 Course: Political Science (CLNL- 1012) П **Semester:** Programme: B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) Criminal/Labor/Constitutional Laws/Energy Laws Time: 03 hrs. Max. Marks: 100 **Instructions: All sections are compulsory SECTION A** S. No. Write short notes on any four **Marks** CO 10 1 Judicial Activism 2.5 1 2 **Delegated Legislation** 1 2.5 Separation of Powers 3 2.5 1 Rule of Law 1 2.5 5 Analyse the Switzerland experiences with direct democracy. 2 2.5 **SECTION B** Q Attempt any two 1 Differentiate between Parliamentary and Presidential form of governments. **10** 1,2 2 Differentiate between Federal and Unitary forms of government 1.2 10 Compare the nature and functions of Indian and British ceremonial executive. 10 1,2 **SECTION-C** Q Attempt any two Political parties are crucial to any representative democracy. Explain the reasons why 1 India till 1977 witnessed One party dominant system. Evaluate the advantages of **10** 1,2 multiparty system in a country like India. Most of the countries have opted for bicameral legislature. Explain the benefits for 2 10 2,3 adopting bicameral legislature. "In modern times the working of separation of powers should be analysed with 3 institutional efficiency which is completely empty unless it is lined to more 10 3,4 sustentative ends." Consider both theoretical and practical dimensions of said statement. **SECTION-D**

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Attempt any two questions

1	Twenty-Seven years have gone by since India passed the 73rd/74th Constitutional Amendments (CAs) heralding decentralised governance, and 23 years since all the States passed the conformity legislations ushering in the third tier of government in Indian federal polity. Looking back, this was a momentous event, a paradigm shift in democratic governance and fiscal federalism. Panchayati Raj often is touted as failed god. Critically analyze the reasons why Panchayats have failed to act effectively as units of local self-governance.	25	1,2
2.	The first-past-the-post (FPTP) system is also known as the simple majority system. In this voting method, the candidate with the highest number of votes in a constituency is declared the winner. This system is used in India in direct elections to the Lok Sabha and State Legislative Assemblies. While FPTP is relatively simple, it does not always allow for a truly representative mandate, as the candidate could win despite securing less than half the votes in a contest. In 2014, the National Democratic Alliance led by the Bharatiya Janata Party won 336 seats with only 38.5% of the popular vote. On the basis of the above paragraph elucidate the advantages and disadvantages of First past the post system. Do you Think India needs to change from first past the lost system to a better electoral system.	25	1,2
3	Beyond legalism claimed, there are many aspects of federation that had been largely ignored. It is further explained in the following statement; "The essential nature of federalism is to be sought for, not in the shadings of legal and constitutional terminology, but in the forces – economic, social, political, and cultural – that have made the outward forms of federalism necessary The essence of federalism lies not in the institutional or constitutional structure but in the society itself. Federal government is a device by which the federal qualities of the society are articulated and protected." A. Discuss the strength and weakness of this statement with help of comparative theoretical and constitutional approach. B. "In modern forms of governments, there exist a strong linkage between democracy, federalism and decentralization". Explain.	25	3,4

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1	The 'public fatigue with tired party systems sparked interests in civil society as a means of social renewal', (i) critically analyse the statement. (ii) Discuss the growing influence of civil society movements in different realms of societal life. (iii) Is it true that the rise civil society would leads to a decline of state?	25	3,4
1.	Lord Bryce stated that, "If the law be dishonestly administered, the salt has lost its flavourif the lamp of justice goes out in darkness, how great is that darkness". Discuss this announcement in relation with the need and importance of an independent judiciary.	25	1,2
2	Twenty-Seven years have gone by since India passed the 73rd/74th Constitutional Amendments (CAs) heralding decentralised governance, and 23 years since all the States passed the conformity legislations ushering in the third tier of government in Indian federal polity. Looking back, this was a momentous event, a paradigm shift in democratic governance and fiscal federalism. Panchayati Raj often is touted as failed god. Critically analyze the reasons why Panchayats have failed to act effectively as units of local self-governance.	25	1,2